Myths and Realities around Open Access

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‘Myths and Realities around Open Access’ – FNR Open Access Fund information session – 01/03/2018
= free unrestricted online access to peer-reviewed research publications

'Myths and Realities around Open Access' – FNR Open Access Fund information session – 01/03/2018
NEW FNR OPEN ACCESS POLICY AND FUNDING INSTRUMENT

20 Dec 2016

With the launch of calls for some of its major funding programmes, the FNR introduces its new policy on Open Access publications from FNR-(co)funded research, and a new funding instrument to help cover article processing fees.

For all proposals where positive funding decisions are taken after 1 January 2017, the FNR requires that Open Access options are selected for scientific publications resulting from those projects (exception: monographs). Up until now, the FNR recommended that research results are published in Open Access, but it was not mandatory.

An Open Access publication is one that is made freely available to any potential reader or user with access to the internet, with the only limitation that the work is properly attributed to its author(s).

Open Access publications contribute to a more efficient and effective use of research results, maximises the potential for innovation, increases the visibility of researchers and their research institutions and provides the conditions for a bigger return on invest of public money.

The new FNR policy is in line with the global transition towards Open Access and the National Open Access Policy that is supported by all major research institutions. Please see the FNR’s policy document ‘FNR Open Access Policy’.

https://www.fnr.lu/new-fnr-open-access-policy-funding-instrument/
http://storage.fnr.lu/index.php/s/9k72EH61fXGL9oX#pdfviewer
https://www.fnr.lu/funding-instruments/open-access-fund/
Tax-payers are paying twice to access publicly-funded research outputs

Reality 1

"Yet another mandate! I want to publish wherever and however I want!

Myth

Tax-payers are paying twice to access publicly-funded research outputs

Patrick Hochstenbach, "Yes! I told you!", 2012

"Myths and Realities around Open Access" – FNR Open Access Fund information session – 01/03/2018

Luxembourg spends per year

>1.1M € (HTVA)

for journal subscriptions

Figures from 2016, kindly provided by Consortium Luxembourg

37% for Elsevier (in 2016*)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profit</th>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Industry</th>
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<tr>
<td>10%</td>
<td>BMW</td>
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<tr>
<td>23%</td>
<td>Rio Tinto</td>
<td>mining</td>
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<tr>
<td>25%</td>
<td>Google</td>
<td>search</td>
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<tr>
<td>29%</td>
<td>Apple</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>35%</td>
<td>Springer</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>37%</td>
<td>Elsevier</td>
<td>scholarly publishing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* RELX Group 2016 Results

For Elsevier (in 2016*)

In 2014:

Stephen Buranyi, The Guardian, 27/06/17 [link]
Myth 1

Is the reviewing process in OA journals as good as non OA journals?

Open Access = journal ...

Open Access = archiving model / philosophy

It is NOT about where you publish but where it is made available
Myth 2

Open Access = author pays for Open Access

Several routes to make research outputs freely available

"I'd like to publish Open Access but I can't pay the high costs"
Self-archiving

Freely available on publisher/journal website

Might include Article Processing Charges (APC)

Open Access explained, Piled Higher and Deeper Production, CC-BY

Minimum for Open Access = SELF-ARCHIVING

= deposit on a suitable repository
GREEN ROUTE

Researcher

Research project

Journal editors

Library consortium

Reviewers

Read article

Repository

Read article

EMBARGO PERIOD (6-24 months)

Publisher

Copyright transferred to publisher

Article published

Copy-editing

Manuscript


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Images: Nick Kim, Science and ink

Copyright

Publisher
Reality 2

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Production of tongue twisters by speakers with partial glossectomy

TIM BRESSMANN¹, ANOUSCHKA FOLTZ², JANA ZIMMERMANN², & JONATHAN C. IRISH³

0003-3472/538.00 © 2012 The Association for the Study of Animal Behaviour. Published by Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.
## Search - Publisher copyright policies & self-archiving

One journal found when searched for: 0080-4630

**Journal:** Proceedings of the Royal Society of London. Series A, Mathematical and physical sciences (ISSN: 0080-4630) [this journal is not gold open access]

**RoMEO:** This is a RoMEO green journal

**Paid OA:** A past open access option is available for this journal

**Author’s Pre-print:**  
- Author can archive pre-print (i.e. pre-refereeing)

**Author’s Post-print:**  
- Author can archive post-print (i.e. final draft post-refereeing)

**Publisher’s Version/PDF:**  
- Publisher cannot archive publisher’s version/PDF

**General Conditions:**  
- Author’s pre-print on free public servers
- Author’s post-print on author’s personal website, institutional website, institutional repository, Published Central or not-for-profit open access repository
- Author’s post-print can be deposited on acceptance
- Publisher’s version/PDF cannot be used
- Published source must be acknowledged with citation close to title of article
- Must link to publisher version close to title of article
- Eligible UK authors may deposit in Open Access

**Mandated OA:** Compliance data is available for 20 journals

**Paid Open Access:** open access option

**Notes:**  
- Publisher last contacted on 17/06/2017

**Copyright:**  
- Policy

**Updated:** 23 Aug 2017  
- Submit an update for this record

**Link to this page:** http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/isp/0080-4630/  

**Published by:** Royal Society, The - Open Access in RoMEO

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This summary is for the journal’s default policies, and changes or exceptions can often be negotiated by authors.

All information is correct to the best of our knowledge but should not be relied upon for legal advice.

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<th>RoMEO Colour</th>
<th>Archiving policy</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Can archive pre-print and post-print or publisher’s version/PDF</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blue</td>
<td>Can archive post-print (i.e final draft post-refereeing) or publisher’s version/PDF</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
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Production of tongue twisters by speakers with partial glossectomy

ABSTRACT
A partial glossectomy can affect speech production. The goal of the present study was to investigate the effect of the presence of a tumour as well as the glossectomy surgery on the patients' production of tongue twisters with the sounds [t] and [k]. Fifteen tongue cancer patients and 10 healthy controls took part in the study. The outcome measures were the patients' speech acceptability, rate of errors, the time needed to produce the tongue twisters, pause duration between items repetitions, and the tongue shape during the production of the consonants [t] and [k] before and after surgery. The patients' speech acceptability deteriorated after the surgery. Compared to controls, the patients' productions of the tongue twisters were slower but not more errorful. Following the surgery, their speed of production did not change but the rate of errors was higher. Pause duration between items was longer in the patients than in the controls but did not increase from before to after surgery. Analysis of the patients' tongue shapes for the productions of [t] and [k] indicated a higher elevation following the surgery for the patients with flap reconstructions. The results demonstrated that the surgical resection of the tongue changed the error rate but not the speed of production for the patient. The differences in pause duration also indicate that the tumour and the surgical resection of the tongue may impact the phonological planning of the tongue twister.

Keywords
Glossectomy, tongue, tongue resection, speech production, speech errors, tongue twister, ultrasound

Running head: CHILDREN'S SYNTACTIC-PRIMING MAGNITUDE

Children’s Syntactic-Priming Magnitude: Lexical Factors and Participant Characteristics

Anouschka Folz
Bielefeld University
Kristina Thiele
University of Cologne
Danja Kahnsitz
Bielefeld University
Prisca Steinmecken
University of Cologne

June 2, 2014

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Myth 3

A social networking site is not an open access repository

Provide free, unrestricted and permanent access

"I put my papers in ResearchGate, is that enough for the open access policy?"
### WHAT IS A REPOSITORY?

A social networking site is not an open access repository

- “What's the difference between ResearchGate, Academia.edu, and the institutional repository?”
- “I put my papers in ResearchGate, is that enough for the open access policy?”

KATIE FORTNEY AND JUSTIN GONDER [link]
University of California Office of Scholarly Communication, 01/12/2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Open access repositories</th>
<th>Academia.edu</th>
<th>ResearchGate</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supports export or harvesting</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term preservation</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business model</td>
<td>Nonprofit (usually)</td>
<td>Commercial. Sells job posting services, hopes to sell data</td>
<td>Commercial. Sells ads, job posting services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sends you lots of emails (by default)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wants your address book</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fulfills requirements of UC's OA policies</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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OpenAIRE

'Myths and Realities around Open Access' – FNR Open Access Fund information session – 01/03/2018
Publishers take ResearchGate to court, alleging massive copyright infringement

By Dalmeet Singh Chawla | Oct. 6, 2017, 5:47 PM

Scholarly publishing giants Elsevier and the American Chemical Society (ACS) have filed a lawsuit in Germany against ResearchGate, a popular academic networking site, alleging copyright infringement on a mass scale. The move comes after a larger group of publishers became dissatisfied with ResearchGate’s response to a request to alter its article-sharing practices.

ResearchGate, a for-profit firm based in Berlin that was founded in 2008, is one of the largest social networking sites aimed at the academic community. It claims more than 13 million users, who can use their personal pages to upload and share a wide range of material, including published papers, book chapters, and meeting presentations. Science funders and investors have put substantial funds into the firm; it has raised more than $87 million from the Wellcome Trust charity, Goldman Sachs, and Bill Gates personally.

In recent years, journal publishers have become increasingly concerned about the millions of copyrighted papers—usually accessible only behind subscription paywalls—that are being shared by ResearchGate users. And on 15 September, the International Association of Scientific, Technical, and Medical Publishers wrote to ResearchGate on behalf of more than 140 publishers, expressing concerns about its article-sharing policies. Specifically, the organization proposed that ResearchGate implement a “seamless and easy” automated system that would help the site’s users determine whether an article was protected by copyright and could be legally shared publicly or privately. The association asked for a response by 22 September, noting that its members could follow-up individually or collectively if ResearchGate failed to agree to its proposal. (AAAS, which publishes ScienceInsider, is a member of the association.)
WHAT IS A REPOSITORY?

Find your subject-specific repository:
- OpenDOAR

Or choose a generic one:
- zenodo

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High-order scheme implementation using Newton-Krylov solution methods
RY Johnson, PE McHugh, DA Kroll - Numerical Heat Transfer, 1997 - Taylor & Francis

Large scale petroleum reservoir simulation and parallel preconditioning algorithms research

Damage tolerance assessment framework for CAD (extended) isogeometric
boundary element method (XIGABEM)
X Peng, F Azisahcher and S Bordes - 2014 - orbi.unilu

Three-dimensional contour bumps for transonic wing drag reduction
N Qian, WS Wong, A Le Moigne - Proceedings of the ... 2003 - journals.sagepub.com

Genealogies of some artist families of Chamba
BN Goswami - History and culture of the Chamba State, a western ... 1969 - Books & Books

Accelerating Reservoir Simulation on Multi-core and Many-Core Architectures
with Graph Coloring ILU (k).
Z Lu, C Peng, S Shi, C Zhang - Systems Volume 1, Proceedings of the ... 2017 - Springer

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FREE to READ

FREE to Re-USE

Open Access explained, *Piled Higher and Deeper Production*, CC-BY

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Minimum for Open Access = SELF-ARCHIVING

= deposit on a suitable repository (embargo period may apply)
Go even further = IMMEDIATE ACCESS + RETAIN RIGHTS

= read immediately from anywhere, including journal’s website (no embargo)

But you should still deposit on a suitable repository

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Many Academics Are Eager to Publish in Worthless Journals

By GINA KOLATA  OCT. 30, 2017

Beware of predatory OA journals

Publish or Perish

Myths and Realities around Open Access – FNR Open Access Fund information session – 01/03/2018

**Hijacked Journals**

Sometimes someone will create a counterfeit website that pretends to be the website of a legitimate scholarly journal. The website creators then solicit manuscript submissions for the hijacked version of the journal, pocketing the money. In some cases the legitimate versions of the journals are only published in print form and they may not have websites.

In the table below, the hijacked journal is listed in the left column; the corresponding authentic version of the journal is on the right. In cases where no website can be found for the original journal, a link is made to a bibliographic record for the journal.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hijacked Journal</th>
<th>Authentic Journal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACADÉMIE ROYALE DES SCIENCES D'OUTRE-MER BULLETIN DES SCÉANCES</td>
<td>Bulletin des séances- Académie royale des sciences d’outre-mer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acoreana Journal (Journal of Acoreana)</td>
<td>Acoreana: revista de estudos açoreanos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acta Bioethica</td>
<td>Acta Bioethica</td>
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<tr>
<td>ACTA CIRURGICA BRASILEIRA</td>
<td>Acta cirúrgica Brasileira</td>
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<td>AGROCHIMICA</td>
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<tr>
<td>AIMS Report Journal</td>
<td>AIMS report</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Journal of Albertaiana</td>
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<tr>
<td>Amoeba Journal</td>
<td>Amoeba: JNN-meddelingenblad</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anais da Academia Brasileira de Ciências</td>
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Minimum for Open Access

= SELF-ARCHIVING

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‘Open Science’ is just ‘Science’


Open science describes the practice of carrying out scientific research in a completely transparent manner, and making the results of that research available to everyone. Isn’t that just ‘science’?

Thank you!

Jonathan ENGLAND

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0000-0001-6715-8628